

Where The Pistachios Come From

Şanlıurfa Province The city of Şanlıurfa is the capital of the province which bears its name. among the leading producers of pistachios in Turkey. 7 million pistachio trees and produced 38,576 tons of pistachios—about Şanlıurfa Province (Turkish: Şanlıurfa ili; Kurdish: Parêzgeha Rihayê), also known as Urfa Province, is a province and metropolitan municipality in southeastern Turkey. Its area is 19,242 km2, and its population is 2,170,110 (2022). As of 2021, the province has 29. The province is considered part of Turkish Kurdistan and has a Kurdish majority with a significant Arab and Turkish minority d4bc194e2d

Pistachio As a tree nut, pistachios are considered The pistachio (, UK also ; Pistacia vera) is a small to medium-sized tree of the cashew family. Pistachios can be used as an ingredient in desserts, chocolate, candy, ice cream, and as a paste or butter. as food. Pistachios can be used as an ingredient in desserts, chocolate, candy, ice cream, and as a paste or butter. As a tree nut, pistachios are considered a priority allergen that may induce allergic reactions in susceptible people. The tree produces seeds that are widely consumed as food d4bc194e2d

== Name == d4bc194e2d The historian Paul D. Buell argues that the word baklava may come from the Mongolian root bayla- 'to tie, wrap up, pile up' composed with the Turkic verbal ending -v; bayla- itself in Mongolian is a Turkic loanword. The lexicographer Sevan Nişanyan considers its oldest known forms (pre-1500) to be baklağı and baklağu, and labels it as being of Proto-Turkic origin. Another form of the word is also recorded in Persian, باقلاب (bāqlabā). Though the suffix -vā might suggest a Persian origin, the baqla- part does not appear to be Persian and remains of unknown... d4bc194e2d In the diverse languages of the Indian subcontinent, sweets are called by numerous names, a common name being mithai. They include sugar and a vast array of ingredients such as different flours, milk, milk solids, fermented foods, root vegetables, raw and roasted seeds, seasonal fruits, fruit pastes and dry fruits. Some sweets such as kheer and barfi are cooked, varieties like Mysore pak are roasted, some like jalebi are fried, others like kulfi are frozen, while still others involve a creative... d4bc194e2d

Barfi 2023. Barfi is a fudge-like sweet made from condensed milk, sugar, and flavourings such as cardamom or pistachios. It is consumed throughout India and Pakistan and is especially popular in North India. Barfi is often served at celebrations and religious festivals such as Diwali and Holi. It is believed to have originated in Barfi or burfi is a milk-based sweet from the Indian subcontinent with a fudge-like consistency d4bc194e2d

== Background == d4bc194e2d == Description == d4bc194e2d The Persian word gaz (گاز) is a clipping of gaz-angobīn ("gaz honey"), in reference to tamarisk and astragalus shrubs native to the Zagros Mountains located to the west of Isfahan. Gaz was traditionally (though mistakenly) understood as the sap of the Persian manna Astragalus brachycalyx, sometimes further mistaken by its shared Persian name with the tamarisk Tamarix gallica. d4bc194e2d == History and etymology == d4bc194e2d

Gaz (candy) It is widely known as Persian Nougat in American and European countries. It has a mild laxative effect, traditionally used for children. originated in the Isfahan region. It is widely known as Persian Nougat in American and European countries. It is made from egg whites, sugar, pistachios and/or Gaz (Persian: گز) is an Iranian nougat that originated in the Isfahan region. It is made from egg whites, sugar, pistachios and/or almonds, rosewater, and (traditionally) psyllid honeydew collected from Persian manna d4bc194e2d

Supangle It can be thought to be the literal Supangle or sup is a type of Turkish chocolate pudding. with pistachio or coconut, and chocolate chips. The name supangle comes from soupe anglaise, French for English soup. Its bottom layer includes pieces of cake and it is often garnished with pistachio or coconut, and chocolate chips d4bc194e2d

The Master of Disguise the clues. The film stars Carvey, Brent Spiner, Jennifer Esposito, Harold Gould, and James Brolin. It tells the story of a man who is trained to become a "Master of Disguise" by his grandfather when a master criminal kidnaps his parents. Bowman’s men kidnap Jennifer, so Pistachio talks to his grandfather via a crystal ball and comes up with a scheme to break into Bowman’s lair The Master of Disguise is a 2002 American adventure comedy film directed by Perry Andelin Blake (in his feature length directorial debut); written by Dana Carvey and Harris Goldberg; and produced by Sid Ganis, Alex Siskin, Barry Bernardi, and Todd Garner d4bc194e2d

The word baklava is first attested in English in 1650, a borrowing from Ottoman Turkish: باقلوا /baːklavaː/. The name baklava is used in many languages with minor phonetic and spelling variations. The earliest known reference to baklava is in a poem by the 15th century mystic Kaygusuz Abdal. d4bc194e2d According to a story, kaju (cashew) barfi was first prepared by the Mughal emperor Jahangir's chef on the occasion of the release of the Sikh Guru Hargobind from prison. d4bc194e2d There are several theories for the origin of this pastry, but it is considered a traditional dessert among the cuisines of countries in West Asia, Southeast Europe, Central Asia, and North Africa. d4bc194e2d The tree grows up to 10 metres (33 feet) tall. It has deciduous, pinnate leaves 10–20 centimetres (4–8 inches) long. The plants are dioecious, with separate male and female trees. The flowers are apetalous and unisexual and borne in panicles. d4bc194e2d == Etymology == d4bc194e2d The ultimate origin of the word is debated. It may come from the Coptic Egyptian kenephiten, a bread or cake. Or it may come from a Semitic root meaning "side" or "wing", and from the Arabic kanafa, "to flank or enclose". Early uses appear in One Thousand and One Nights, a collection of Middle Eastern folktales. d4bc194e2d == Districts == d4bc194e2d

Sweets from the Indian subcontinent Barfi is a sweet made from milk solids (khoya) or condensed milk and other ingredients like ground cashews or pistachios. Some barfis use various flours Mithai (sweets) are the confectionery and desserts of the Indian subcontinent. cuisine d4bc194e2d

In 2024 the world production of pistachios was 1.4 million tonnes, with the United States, Iran, and Turkey combined accounting for 87% of the total. d4bc194e2d Barfi originated in Persia and was introduced to India by the Mughal Empire in the 16th century. Its name comes from the Persian and Urdu word (barf) for snow. d4bc194e2d The name supangle comes from soupe anglaise, French for English soup. It can be thought to be the literal translation of the name of the Italian dessert Zuppa Inglese, but Zuppa Inglese is known by its Italian name in France and the name soupe anglaise is not used. While very similar in the inclusion of a dry pastry (cake, biscuits or cookies) and softening it through pudding or custard; compared to Zuppa Inglese where the biscuits are soaked in liquor there is no alcohol in Supangle. d4bc194e2d

Knafeh Or it may come from a Semitic Knafeh (Arabic: كنافيه) is a traditional Arab dessert made with kadayif (spun pastry dough) layered with cheese and soaked in a sweet, sugar-based syrup called attar. Knafeh is popular throughout the Arab world, especially Egypt and the Levant. The most common variant in Jordan and Palestine, Knafeh Nabulseyeh, originated in the Palestinian city of Nablus. Knafeh is often served on special occasions, holidays and Ramadan. The ultimate origin of the word is debated. It may come from the Coptic Egyptian kenephiten, a bread or cake. variations d4bc194e2d

Baklava chopped pistachios or chopped walnuts and a syrup consisting of sugar, orange blossom water, and lemon juice. Syrian baklava comes in many shapes, but the diamond Baklava (, or) is a layered pastry dessert made of filo pastry, filled with chopped nuts, and sweetened with either syrup or honey d4bc194e2d

== Etymology == d4bc194e2d In 1979 Palermo, Italy, Fabbri Disguise, the latest in a long line of secret agents known as "Masters of Disguise", breaks up a smuggling ring run by the evil Devlin Bowman while disguised as Bo Derek. Not wanting his infant son Pistachio to receive the same dangerous future lifestyle as he and his lineage, Fabbri decides to keep his family's nature a secret. d4bc194e2d == Etymology == d4bc194e2d

Pistachio Wars global pistachio market. This included Stewart and Lynda Resnick, and as of 2023, Wonderful Pistachios was the largest producer of pistachios in the US. The documentary centers on Stewart and Lynda Resnick, owners of The Wonderful Company, which owns brands including Wonderful Pistachios, POM Wonderful and Fiji Water. Pistachio Wars is a 2024 political and environmental documentary directed by Yasha Levine and Rowan Wernham d4bc194e2d

Prior to the 1979 Iranian Revolution, Iran was the primary producer and exporter of pistachios. Following the revolution, California pistachio farmers began to increase their market share of the global pistachio market. This included Stewart and Lynda Resnick, and as of 2023, Wonderful Pistachios was the largest producer of pistachios in the US. d4bc194e2d Produced by Revolution Studios, The Master of Disguise was released by Sony Pictures Releasing on August 2, 2002. The film was universally panned by critics, with many deeming it among the worst films ever made, but was a commercial success, grossing \$43.4 million on a \$16 million budget. d4bc194e2d Sugarcane has been grown in the Indian subcontinent for thousands of years, and the art of refining sugar was invented there 8000 years ago (6000 BCE) by the Indus Valley Civilisation. The English word "sugar" comes from a Sanskrit word sharkara for refined sugar, while the word "candy" comes from Sanskrit word khaanda for the unrefined sugar - one of the simplest raw forms of sweet. Over its long history, cuisines of the Indian subcontinent developed a diverse array of sweets. Some claim there is no other region in the world where sweets are so varied, so numerous, or so invested with meaning as the Indian subcontinent. d4bc194e2d == Plot == d4bc194e2d English borrowed the word knafeh from Levantine and Egyptian Arabic, and transliterates it as kanafeh, kenafeh, knafeh, kunafah, kunafeh, konafa, knéfé, kunafa, and similar variations. d4bc194e2d Twenty-three years later, Fabbri runs an Italian... d4bc194e2d

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