

New Year Traditions For Good Luck

The Chinese New Year is associated with several myths and customs. The festival was traditionally a time to honour deities and ancestors. Throughout China, different regions celebrate the New Year with distinct local customs and traditions. Chinese New Year's Eve is an occasion for Chinese families to gather for the annual reunion dinner.

Traditionally, every family would thoroughly clean their house, symbolically sweeping away any ill fortune to make way for incoming good luck. Windows and doors may be decorated with red paper-cuts and couplets representing themes such as good fortune, happiness, wealth, and longevity. Other activities include lighting firecrackers and...

8c553bb041 Russian and Turkish New Year's trees are of the same varieties as those used for Christmas trees, although a spruce tree is the most usual type. The decorations are the same as for Christmas trees; however the Russian style New Year's tree is completely secular and its decorations include no religious symbols. While Russian and Turkish North Americans purchasing a tree after Christmas when prices have plummeted might enjoy notable savings, most do not wait beyond Christmas to buy their trees. 8c553bb041 The local time zone determines the advent of the New Year; the first places to welcome the New Year are west of the International Date Line: the Line Islands (part of Kiribati), Samoa and Tonga, in the Pacific Ocean. In contrast, American Samoa, Baker Island and Howland Island (part of the United States Minor Outlying Islands) are among the last. 8c553bb041

New Year's tree They should not be confused with the practice of leaving up a Christmas tree until after New Year's Day (traditionally until the Epiphany on 6 January). New Year's trees are common in various cultures and nations, chiefly the former Soviet Union, former Yugoslavia, Albania, Turkey, China and Vietnam. misconception that the New Year's tree is a bourgeois excess. So, let's organize a New Year's celebration for kids and arrange a good Soviet New Year's tree in all New Year's trees are decorated trees similar to Christmas trees that are displayed to specifically celebrate the New Year 8c553bb041

The hinomaru yosegaki was traditionally presented to a man prior to his induction into the Japanese armed forces or before his deployment.... 8c553bb041 The winter solstice in the Northern Hemisphere was viewed as the demarcation point between one year and the next, and was traditionally a cause of feasting and celebration. Feasting during this period symbolized prosperity in the coming year. In Europe multiple pre-Christian festivals observed between the end of October and January such as Saturnalia, Hogmanay, Dies Natalis Solis Invicti, and Kalends of January were held to ensure the return of the Sun, and they typically required feasting, gift-giving, and partying. In early Christianity these were converted into Christian feast days such as Halloween, All Saints' Day, All Souls' Day, St. Martin's Day, St. Clement's Day, St. Catherine's Day, St. Andrew's Day, St. Nicholas's Day, St. Lucia's Day, St. Thomas the Apostle... 8c553bb041

Hong Kong Government Lunar New Year kau chim tradition The event takes place on

the second day of the Lunar New Year at Che Kung temple, Sha Tin, where a fortune stick is drawn. The message is written in the form of classical Chinese poetry and is then interpreted by a Feng shui sifu or fortune teller. The luck of the city for that upcoming Lunar year will be foretold by the message on the fortune stick. day of the Lunar New Year at Che Kung temple, Sha Tin, where a fortune stick is drawn. The luck of the city for that upcoming Lunar year will be foretold In each year's Chinese New Year celebrations in Hong Kong, a member of the Hong Kong Government represents the city in a divination ritual called kau chim 8c553bb041

Tết Nguyên Đán is not to be confused with Tết Trung Thu (Mid-Autumn Festival). "Tết" itself only means "festival", but it would generally refer to the Lunar New Year in Vietnamese, as it is often seen as the most important festival amongst the Vietnamese and the Vietnamese diaspora, with Tết Trung Thu regarded as the second-most important. 8c553bb041

Tết This is also the time when the elders will hand out red envelopes with money to the children for good luck in exchange for Tết (Vietnamese: [te̞t̚1], chữ Hán: 節), short for Tết Nguyên Đán (chữ Hán: 元旦; lit. Tết celebrates the arrival of spring, which is on the first day of the first Vietnamese lunisolar month, and usually falls between late January and 20 February in the Gregorian calendar. 'Feast of the first day'), is the most important celebration in Vietnamese culture. New Year with one another 8c553bb041

Little New Year It honors the Kitchen God and takes place roughly a week before the Chinese New Year. In northern China the Little New Year is celebrated on the 23rd day of the twelfth month of the Chinese calendar, while in southern China it is celebrated on the 24th day. It honors the Little New Year (Chinese: 小年), also known as the Festival of the Kitchen God, is a festival in the traditional lunisolar Chinese calendar. Little New Year (Chinese: 小年), also known as the Festival of the Kitchen God, is a festival in the traditional lunisolar Chinese calendar 8c553bb041

== History == 8c553bb041 == By region == 8c553bb041

Luck Luck is the result of chance. Luck has three aspects: Luck is good or bad. connotations; luck is a way of understanding a personal chance event. Luck applies Luck is a phenomenon or belief that humans may associate with experiencing improbable events, especially improbably positive or negative events 8c553bb041

towards the lucky (or unlucky) person. 8c553bb041 == Tradition == 8c553bb041 These interpretations often prescribe how luckiness or unluckiness can be obtained, such as by carrying a lucky charm or offering sacrifices or prayers to a deity. Saying someone is "born lucky" may hold different meanings, depending on the interpretation: it could simply mean that they have been born into a good family or circumstance; or that they habitually experience improbably positive events, due to some inherent property, or due to... 8c553bb041 Supernatural interpretations of luck consider it to be an attribute of a person 8c553bb041 == History == 8c553bb041

New Year's food Many traditional New Year dishes revolve around the food's resemblance to New Year's foods are dishes traditionally eaten for luck in the coming

year. Sweets, symbolizing a sweet new year, are often given or consumed. Some cultures and religions have evolved complex food traditions associated with the new year. New Year's foods are dishes traditionally eaten for luck in the coming year. Many traditional New Year dishes revolve around the food's resemblance to money or to its appearance symbolizing long life, such as long noodles or strands of sauerkraut

== History ==

Chinese New Year celebrate the New Year with distinct local customs and traditions. Chinese New Year's Eve is an occasion for Chinese families to gather for the annual reunion Chinese New Year, also known as the Spring Festival, marks the beginning of a new year on the traditional lunisolar Chinese calendar. Marking the end of winter and the beginning of spring, this festival takes place from Chinese New Year's Eve (the evening preceding the first day of the year) to the Lantern Festival, held on the 15th day of the year. It is one of the most important holidays in Chinese culture. The first day of the Chinese New Year falls on the new moon that appears between 21 January and 20 February

The Hong Kong Government Lunar New Year kau chim tradition is an annual divination ritual associated with the Lunar New Year celebrations in Hong Kong. The tradition takes place on the second day of the Lunar New Year at Che Kung Temple in Sha Tin, where a representative draws a fortune stick on behalf of Hong Kong. The verse on the fortune stick is traditionally interpreted as an indication of the city's prospects for the coming year. Usually one stick is drawn for the fortune of the city by a main representative person. Other sticks may be drawn for smaller community divinations. There are five categories of stick fortunes, from good (吉), to mid (平), to bad (凶)...

List of lucky symbols Almost any object can be used as a charm. Many souvenir shops have a range of tiny items that may be used as good luck charms. Almost any object can be used as a charm. A good luck charm is an amulet or other item that is believed to bring good luck. Coins, horseshoes and buttons are examples, as are small objects given as gifts, due to the favorable associations they make. Coins, horseshoes and buttons A good luck charm is an amulet or other item that is believed to bring good luck. Good luck charms are often worn on the body, but not necessarily

or of an object, or the result of a favorable (or unfavorable) view manifested by a deity The mojo is a charm originating in African culture. It is used in voodoo ceremonies to carry several lucky objects or spells and intended to cause a specific effect. The concept is that particular objects placed in the bag and charged will create a supernatural effect for the bearer. Even today, mojo bags are still used. Europe also contributed to the concept of lucky charms. Adherents of St. Patrick (the patron saint of Ireland) adopted the four-leaf clover as a symbol of Irish luck because clovers are abundant in the hills of Ireland. == Russian and Turkish traditions == The name 'hinomaru' is taken from the name for the flag of Japan, also known as hinomaru, which translates literally as "circular sun". When yosegaki hinomaru were signed by friends and relatives, the text written on the flag was

generally written in a vertical formation radiating out from the central red circle, resembling the sun's rays. This appearance is referenced in the term 'yosegaki' (lit., "collection of writing"), meaning that the term 'yosegaki hinomaru' can be interpreted as a "collection of writing around the red sun", describing the appearance of text radiating outwards from the circle in the centre of the flag. 8c553bb041 In this view, the epithet "lucky" or "unlucky" is a descriptive label that refers to an event's positivity, negativity, or improbability. 8c553bb041

New Year's Eve with religious symbolism on New Year's Eve, such as white for good luck, yellow for good energies, happiness and money, red for love. Many Christians attend a watchnight service to mark the occasion. In many countries, New Year's Eve is celebrated with dancing, eating, drinking, and watching or lighting fireworks. New Year's Eve celebrations generally continue into New Year's Day, 1 January, past midnight. Rituals such as the New Year's Eve in the Gregorian calendar refers to the evening—or commonly the entire day—of the last day of the year: 31 December 8c553bb041

Good Luck Flag The Good Luck Flag (ひinomaru, yosegaki hinomaru) was a traditional gift for Japanese servicemen deployed during the military campaigns of the Empire of The Good Luck Flag (ひinomaru, yosegaki hinomaru) was a traditional gift for Japanese servicemen deployed during the military campaigns of the Empire of Japan, most notably during World War II. The flag was typically a national flag signed by friends and family, often with short messages wishing the soldier victory, safety and good luck. Today, hinomaru are used for occasions such as charity and sporting events 8c553bb041

== Traditional activities == 8c553bb041 Vietnamese people celebrate Tết annually, which is based on a lunisolar calendar that calculates both the motions of Earth around the Sun and of the Moon around Earth. Tết is generally celebrated on the same day as Chinese New Year (also called Spring Festival), with a one-hour time difference between Vietnam and China resulting in the new moon occurring on different days. The dates of the Vietnamese and Chinese Lunar New Year occasionally differ, such as in 1985, when Vietnam celebrated Lunar New... 8c553bb041 Philosophical naturalism, eschewing any supernatural explanations, might suggest that positive or negative events may happen at any time (due to both random and non-random natural and artificial processes), and that even improbable events can happen by random chance. 8c553bb041

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